

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A method of efficiently transmitting media information associated with two or more concurrent calls carried in a packet-switched network, the method comprising the computer-implemented steps of:
 - aggregating two or more media packets from the two or more concurrent calls originating from one or more source end points into an aggregated media payload;
 - re-packetizing the aggregated media payload using a single aggregated header to form an aggregated media packet;
 - forwarding the aggregated media packet to a next hop in the packet-switched network in response to either one of
 - (a) a timer reaching a non-zero maximum allowed delay time value, or
 - (b) the aggregated media packet containing a specified number of Real-Time Protocol segments, wherein the specified number is variable according to user input.
2. (original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising de-aggregating the aggregated media payload for one or more destination endpoints by separating the aggregated media payload to result in creating and sending restored copies of the two or more media packets, wherein each media packet corresponds to one of the two or more concurrent calls.

1 3. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein aggregating the two or more media packets
2 comprises compressing one or more headers of each media packet.

1 4. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the two or more media packets are Real-
2 Time Protocol (RTP) packets.

1 5. (original) The method of Claim 4, wherein the step of aggregating two or more media
2 packets further comprises the steps of:
3 compressing an IP header and a UDP header of each RTP packet to form a
4 corresponding uncompressed RTP segment; and
5 encapsulating the two or more uncompressed RTP segments with the single
6 aggregated header.

1 6. (original) The method of Claim 4, wherein the step of aggregating two or more media
2 packets further comprises the steps of:
3 compressing an IP header, a UDP header, and an RTP header of each RTP packet to
4 form a corresponding compressed RTP segment; and
5 encapsulating the two or more compressed RTP segments with the single aggregated
6 header.

1 7. (currently amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein the step of aggregating the two
2 or more media packets further comprises forming the aggregated media payload
3 according to an aggregation protocol ~~that has a reduced sensitivity to media packet~~
4 ~~loss~~ for aggregating the two or more media packets.

- 1 8. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol comprises
2 forming the aggregated media payload based on an aggregated media packet format
3 for each aggregated media packet wherein the aggregated media packet format
4 comprises a version field indicating a version of the aggregation protocol.
- 1 9. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol comprises
2 forming the aggregated media payload based on an aggregated media packet format
3 for each aggregated media packet wherein the aggregated media packet format
4 comprises a placeholder field that reserves packet space for future use.
- 1 10. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol comprises
2 forming the aggregated media payload based on an aggregated media packet format
3 for each aggregated media packet wherein the aggregated media packet format
4 comprises a sequence number field that is incremented for each aggregated media
5 packet and is used to detect media packet loss.
- 1 11. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol comprises
2 forming the aggregated media payload based on an aggregated media packet format
3 for each aggregated media packet wherein the aggregated media packet format
4 comprises a trunk ID field that uniquely identifies a corresponding trunk.
- 1 12. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol further comprises
2 forming the aggregated media payload based on an uncompressed Real-Time Protocol
3 segment format for each uncompressed Real-Time Protocol segment of the two or

more media packets that comprises a context ID field indicating a session context ID for the uncompressed Real-Time Protocol segment.

13. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol further comprises forming the aggregated media payload based on an uncompressed Real-Time Protocol segment format for each uncompressed Real-Time Protocol segment of the two or more media packets that comprises a compression bit indicating whether the uncompressed Real-Time Protocol segment is uncompressed.

14. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol further comprises forming the aggregated media payload based on an uncompressed Real-Time Protocol segment format for each uncompressed Real-Time Protocol segment of the two or more media packets that comprises a placeholder field for future use.

15. (currently amended) ~~The method of Claim 7,~~ A method of efficiently transmitting media information associated with two or more concurrent calls carried in a packet-switched network, the method comprising the computer-implemented steps of:
aggregating, according to an aggregation protocol, two or more media packets from the two or more concurrent calls originating from one or more source end points into an aggregated media payload;
re-packetizing the aggregated media payload using a single aggregated header to form an aggregated media packet;
forwarding the aggregated media packet to a next hop in the packet-switched network;
 wherein the aggregation protocol further comprises forming the aggregated media payload based on an uncompressed Real-Time Protocol segment format for each uncompressed Real-Time Protocol segment of the two or more media

13 packets that comprises a Real-Time Protocol header extension bit indicating
 14 whether a Real-Time Protocol header extension appears in the uncompressed
 15 Real-Time Protocol segment.

1 16. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol further comprises
 2 forming the aggregated media payload based on an uncompressed Real-Time Protocol
 3 segment format for each uncompressed Real-Time Protocol segment of the two or
 4 more media packets that includes a full length field containing a length of a Real-
 5 Time Protocol packet that corresponds to the uncompressed Real-Time Protocol
 6 segment.

1 17. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol further comprises
 2 forming the aggregated media payload based on an uncompressed Real-Time Protocol
 3 segment format for each uncompressed Real-Time Protocol segment of the two or
 4 more media packets that comprises a Real-Time Protocol payload and a Real-Time
 5 Protocol header corresponding to a Real-Time Protocol packet that in turn
 6 corresponds to the uncompressed Real-Time Protocol segment.

1 18. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol further comprises
 2 forming the aggregated media payload based on an uncompressed Real-Time Protocol
 3 segment format for each uncompressed Real-Time Protocol segment of the two or
 4 more media packets that comprises a padding field that aligns an end of the
 5 uncompressed Real-Time Protocol segment with a next four-byte boundary.

1 19. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol further comprises
 2 forming the aggregated media payload based on a compressed Real-Time Protocol

3 segment format for each compressed Real-Time Protocol segment of the two or more
4 media packets that comprises a context ID field indicating a session context ID for the
5 compressed Real-Time Protocol segment.

1 20. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol further comprises
2 forming the aggregated media payload based on a compressed Real-Time Protocol
3 segment format for each compressed Real-Time Protocol segment of the two or more
4 media packets that comprises a compression bit indicating whether the Real-Time
5 Protocol segment is compressed.

1 21. (currently amended) ~~The method of Claim 7,~~ A method of efficiently transmitting
2 media information associated with two or more concurrent calls carried in a packet-
3 switched network, the method comprising the computer-implemented steps of:
4 aggregating, according to an aggregation protocol, two or more media packets from
5 the two or more concurrent calls originating from one or more source end
6 points into an aggregated media payload;
7 re-packetizing the aggregated media payload using a single aggregated header to form
8 an aggregated media packet;
9 forwarding the aggregated media packet to a next hop in the packet-switched network;
10 wherein the aggregation protocol further comprises forming the aggregated media
11 payload based on a compressed Real-Time Protocol segment format for each
12 compressed Real-Time Protocol segment of the two or more media packets
13 that comprises a Real-Time Protocol header extension bit indicating whether a
14 Real-Time Protocol header extension appears in the compressed Real-Time
15 Protocol segment.

1 22. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol further comprises
2 forming the aggregated media payload based on a compressed Real-Time Protocol
3 segment format for each compressed Real-Time Protocol segment of the two or more
4 media packets that comprises a Real-Time Protocol header marker bit.

1 23. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol further comprises
2 forming the aggregated media payload based on a compressed Real-Time Protocol
3 segment format for each compressed Real-Time Protocol segment of the two or more
4 media packets that comprises a length field containing a length of a Real-Time
5 Protocol payload of a Real-Time Protocol packet of the compressed Real-Time
6 Protocol segment.

1 24. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol further comprises
2 forming the aggregated media payload based on a compressed Real-Time Protocol
3 segment format for each compressed Real-Time Protocol segment of the two or more
4 media packets that comprises a sequence number field carrying a Real-Time Protocol
5 header sequence number.

1 25. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol further comprises
2 forming the aggregated media payload based on a compressed Real-Time Protocol
3 segment format for each compressed Real-Time Protocol segment wherein the
4 compressed Real-Time Protocol segment format comprises a timestamp field carrying
5 a Real-Time Protocol header timestamp.

1 26. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol further comprises
2 forming the aggregated media payload based on a compressed Real-Time Protocol
3 segment format for each compressed Real-Time Protocol segment of the two or more
4 media packets that comprises a Real-Time Protocol payload of a Real-Time Protocol
5 packet that corresponds to the compressed Real-Time Protocol segment.

1 27. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the aggregation protocol further comprises
2 forming the aggregated media payload based on a compressed Real-Time Protocol
3 segment format for each compressed Real-Time Protocol segment of the two or more
4 media packets that comprises a padding field that aligns an end of the compressed
5 Real-Time Protocol segment with a next boundary.

1 28. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the two or more media packets are
2 received while traversing a common sub-route.

1 29. (canceled)

1 30. (canceled)

1 31. (currently amended) ~~The method of Claim 1,~~ A method of efficiently transmitting
2 media information associated with two or more concurrent calls carried in a packet-
3 switched network, the method comprising the computer-implemented steps of:
4 aggregating two or more media packets from the two or more concurrent calls
5 originating from one or more source end points into an aggregated media
6 payload;

7 re-packetizing the aggregated media payload using a single aggregated header to form
 8 an aggregated media packet;
 9 forwarding the aggregated media packet to a next hop in the packet-switched network
 10 ~~further comprising transmitting the aggregated media packet~~ when a non-zero
 11 maximum allowed delay time value is reached.

1 32. (currently amended) The method of Claim 1, further comprising:
 2 using a the maximum allowed delay time value for ~~transmitting~~ forwarding the
 3 aggregated media packet;
 4 starting a count down for the maximum allowed delay time value when a first media
 5 packet arrives for aggregation; and
 6 aggregating subsequent media packets that arrive before the maximum allowed delay
 7 time value is reached.

1 33. (currently amended) An apparatus for transmitting media information associated with
 2 two or more concurrent calls carried in a packet-switched network, the apparatus
 3 comprising:
 4 means for aggregating two or more media packets from one or more source endpoints
 5 into an aggregated media payload;
 6 means for re-packetizing the aggregated media payload using a single aggregated
 7 header to form an aggregated media packet; and
 8 means for forwarding the aggregated media packet to a next hop in the packet-
 9 switched network in response to either one of
 10 (a) a timer reaching a non-zero maximum allowed delay time value, or

11 (b) the aggregated media packet containing a specified number of Real-Time
12 Protocol segments, wherein the specified number is variable according
13 to user input.

- 1 34. (currently amended) An apparatus for transmitting media information associated with
2 two or more concurrent calls carried in a packet-switched network, the apparatus
3 comprising:
4 one or more processors coupled to an aggregator for aggregating two or more media
5 packets into an aggregated media packet;
6 a memory accessible to the one or more processors; and
7 one or more sequences of instructions stored in the memory which, when executed by
8 the one or more processors, cause the one or more processors to carry out the
9 steps of:
10 aggregating two or more media packets from one or more source endpoints
11 into an aggregated media payload; ~~and~~
12 re-packetizing the aggregated media payload using a single aggregated header
13 to form the aggregated media packet; and
14 forwarding the aggregated media packet to a next hop in the packet-switched
15 network in response to either one of
16 (a) a timer reaching a non-zero maximum allowed delay time value, or
17 (b) the aggregated media packet containing a specified number of Real-
18 Time Protocol segments, wherein the specified number is
19 variable according to user input.

1 35. (currently amended) A computer-readable medium comprising one or more sequences of
2 instructions for efficiently transmitting media information associated with two or more
3 concurrent calls carried in a packet-switched network, which the sequences of
4 instructions, when executed by one or more processors, cause the one or more
5 processors to carry out the steps of:
6 aggregating two or more media packets from the two or more concurrent calls
7 originating from one or more source end points into an aggregated media
8 payload;
9 re-packetizing the aggregated media payload using a single aggregated header to form an
10 aggregated media packet;
11 forwarding the aggregated media packet to a next hop in the packet-switched network in
12 response to either one of
13 (a) a timer reaching a non-zero maximum allowed delay time value, or
14 (b) the aggregated media packet containing a specified number of Real-Time
15 Protocol segments, wherein the specified number is variable according to
16 user input.